

Comparative costs and minimum extent of utilization

Costs of internal mechanization

Fixed costs + Variable costs + Wage claim
 $\frac{41.000 \text{ €/y.}}{X \text{ ha/y.}} + 41,10 \text{ €/ha} + 8,40 \text{ €/ha}$

Costs for service provider

= Billing rate
 = 125 €/ha

Additional disadvantage „Timeliness costs“
 Additional drying costs for 20% of the yield because of untimely harvest (Yield = 70 dt/ha, Drying costs= 1,60 €/dt)

$20\% \times 70 \text{ dt/ha} \times 1,60 \text{ €/dt} = 22,40 \text{ €/ha}$

Minimum extent of utilization:

$X \text{ ha/y.} = \frac{41.000 \text{ €/y.}}{(125 \text{ €/ha} + 22,40 \text{ €/ha}) - (41,10 \text{ €/ha} + 8,40 \text{ €/ha})} = 418,8 \text{ ha/y.}$

$20\% \times 70 \text{ dt/ha} \times 1,60 \text{ €/dt}$

Comparative costs and minimum extent of utilization

Costs of internal mechanization

Costs for service provider

Fixed costs + **variable costs** + **Wage claim**
41.000 €/J. + 41,10 €/ha + 8,40 €/ha
X ha/J.

=
=
=

Billing rate
125 €/ha

Additional technological disadvantage:

Due to the longer operating life of the machine compared to the service provider, (= on average older machine) internal mechanization is causing higher losses of 0.5% of the yield compared to the service provider.

(Yield = 70 dt/ha, Grain price = 18 €/dt)

Minimum extent of utilization (ha/year) ???